COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Sciences				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Physics				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	217		SEMESTER	6,8	
COURSE TITLE	Applications in Nuclear Physics				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teacl	CHING ACTIVITIES Ite components of the course, e.g. If the credits are awarded for the teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
			4		4
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialized	general knowle	dge		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Non				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecour	se.uoi.gr/enrol/	index.php?id=5	57	

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course provides the student with advanced knowledge which concerns applications of Nuclear Physics. More specifically, the aim of the course is to develop an understanding of the way in which basic principles and methods of Nuclear Physics can be used, so that needs and activities of the society are covered. After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Recognize and relate the basic principles of Nuclear Physics with the corresponding technological applications.
- Describe the properties of the nucleus and the laws which govern the nuclear phenomena which are used in a variety of applications in technology, energy, health, environment and radio-ecology.
- Describe the principles of operation of detection systems of ionizing radiation.
- Realize the interaction of any kind of radiation with matter.
- Suggest the proper nuclear method for solving of a technological problem, according to the material covered in this course.
- Describe the basic nuclear analytical techniques such as AMS, PIXE, RBS, NRA, XRF, neutron scattering etc.
- Describe the basic techniques of radio-dating.
- Describe the basic principles of dosimetry and radioprotection.
- Realize the role of Radon in Health Physics and its applications in Geology.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology, Working independently, Respect for the natural environment.

Others ...

(3) SYLLABUS

Introductory concepts of Nuclear Physics, Interaction of radiation with matter, detectors of nuclear radiation, Nuclear energy, Physics and technology of nuclear reactors, Physics and applications of neutrons, Methods of analysis of trace elements, Applications of radioisotopes in research and industry, Methods of radio-dating, Radioecology, Dosimetry, Shielding of radiation, Applications of Geophysics, Applications of radioisotopes in medicine, Gamma photography, positron-electron tomography, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face teaching, Visits to research				
	laboratories of the Unive	ersity of foarmina.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching and communication with				
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teachina, educational	Lectures	52			
	Study and analysis of	19			
	bibliography				
	Project, essay writing	26			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,	Exams	3			
etc.					
The student's study hours for each learning					
directed study according to the principles of					
the ECTS					
	Course total	100			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Written exams at the end of the semester for the				
EVALUATION	evaluation of conclusive understanding and				
Description of the evaluation procedure	problem solving capabilities.				
Language of evaluation, methods of					
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,					
open-ended questions, problem solving,					
written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical					
examination of patient, art interpretation,					
other					

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Εφαρμογές Πυρηνικής Φυσικής, Κ.Γ. Ιωαννίδης
- Ραδιοχημεία και Πυρηνικές Μέθοδοι αναλύσεως, W.D. Ehmann
- Introductory Nuclear Physics, K.J Krane
- Nuclear Physics Principles and Applications, J. Lilley
- Biological Effects of Radiation, J.E. Coggle